

REVIEW – GRADE 11

UNIT 1, 2, 3

PART I - Choose the word that has the underlined letter(s) pronounced differently from the rest

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|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. A. lon <u>g</u> er | B. an <u>g</u> le | C. unde <u>st</u> anding | D. an <u>g</u> ry |
| 2. A. fol <u>k</u> | B. qual <u>i</u> ty | C. be <u>l</u> ieve | D. stol <u>e</u> n |
| 3. A. fin <u>g</u> er | B. lan <u>g</u> uage | C. han <u>g</u> er | D. an <u>g</u> er |
| 4. A. <u>g</u> enerous | B. dan <u>g</u> er | C. re <u>g</u> ion | D. <u>g</u> ossip |
| 5. A. sy <u>m</u> pathy | B. ph <u>y</u> sical | C. lo <u>y</u> al | D. qual <u>i</u> ty |
| 6. A. concern | B. aut <u>u</u> mn | C. gran <u>d</u> mother | D. han <u>d</u> |
| 7. A. sin <u>g</u> er | B. brin <u>g</u> ing | C. hun <u>g</u> ry | D. sprin <u>g</u> |
| 8. A. than <u>k</u> | B. aftern <u>o</u> on | C. coun <u>t</u> ry | D. dan <u>g</u> er |
| 9. A. ple <u>a</u> sure | B. cal <u>f</u> | C. spec <u>i</u> al | D. simpl <u>y</u> |
| 10. A. daugh <u>t</u> er | B. wh <u>i</u> ch | C. wh <u>e</u> rever | D. wh <u>o</u> se |
| 11. A. bright <u>e</u> n | B. acquaint <u>a</u> n <u>c</u> e | C. suggest <u>i</u> on | D. int <u>e</u> rest |
| 12. A. un <u>c</u> le | B. an <u>g</u> el | C. chan <u>g</u> eable | D. han <u>d</u> some |
| 13. A. ad <u>m</u> ire | B. ed <u>u</u> cate | C. spend <u>i</u> | D. <u>d</u> escribe |
| 14. A. wh <u>e</u> ther | B. <u>h</u> onest | C. wh <u>o</u> m | D. <u>h</u> umorous |
| 15. A. stat <u>i</u> on | B. uncer <u>t</u> ain | C. st <u>u</u> dent | D. imit <u>a</u> te |
| 16. A. wal <u>k</u> | B. wou <u>l</u> d | C. influ <u>e</u> nce | D. hal <u>f</u> |
| 17. A. indivi <u>d</u> ual | B. decid <u>e</u> | C. <u>d</u> iscuss | D. vid <u>e</u> o |
| 18. A. an <u>g</u> el | B. to <u>g</u> ether | C. relig <u>i</u> on | D. chan <u>g</u> eable |
| 19. A. tr <u>y</u> | B. t <u>y</u> pe | C. <u>y</u> es | D. repl <u>y</u> |
| 20. A. quest <u>i</u> on | B. ment <u>i</u> on | C. pict <u>u</u> re | D. nat <u>u</u> re |
| 21. A. cou <u>l</u> d | B. cal <u>m</u> | C. chalk | D. school <u>b</u> ag |
| 22. A. <u>ch</u> ief | B. <u>sch</u> ool | C. cat <u>ch</u> | D. <u>much</u> |
| 23. A. wat <u>ch</u> | B. <u>Ch</u> ristmas | C. headac <u>h</u> e | D. stomac <u>h</u> |
| 24. A. mutu <u>a</u> l | B. feat <u>u</u> re | C. fut <u>u</u> re | D. pati <u>e</u> nt |
| 25. A. <u>h</u> ousework | B. wh <u>e</u> n | C. <u>h</u> appen | D. wh <u>o</u> le |
| 26. A. <u>ch</u> emical | B. <u>ch</u> ampagne | C. <u>ch</u> ef | D. mach <u>i</u> ne |
| 27. A. <u>ch</u> angeable | B. <u>sch</u> olarship | C. <u>sch</u> edule | D. <u>ch</u> aracter |
| 28. A. acquaint <u>a</u> n <u>c</u> e | B. frien <u>d</u> | C. secon <u>d</u> | D. thin <u>k</u> |
| 29. A. languag <u>e</u> | B. eag <u>e</u> r | C. imagin <u>e</u> | D. intellig <u>e</u> nt |
| 30. A. ex <u>h</u> ibition | B. wh <u>o</u> | C. <u>h</u> onor | D. ex <u>h</u> aust |

PART II - Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the rest

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|----------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. humorous | B. suspicious | C. journalist | D. generous |
| 2. A. loyal | B. certain | C. constant | D. away |
| 3. A. original | B. appreciate | C. memorial | D. memorable |
| 4. A. surprise | B. progress | C. concern | D. forgive |
| 5. A. activity | B. emergency | C. understanding | D. indifferent |
| 6. A. characteristic | B. personality | C. international | D. unforgettable |
| 7. A. together | B. remember | C. interview | D. occasion |
| 8. A. introduce | B. loyalty | C. changeable | D. constancy |
| 9. A. imaginary | B. anniversary | C. enthusiasm | D. uncomfortable |
| 10. A. understand | B. principle | C. physical | D. beautiful |
| 11. A. include | B. trouble | C. open | D. briefcase |
| 12. A. capable | B. attraction | C. unselfish | D. acquaintance |

13. A. unfriendly	B. uncertain	C. attitude	D. December
14. A. sympathy	B. influence	C. quality	D. lemonade
15. A. rumour	B. always	C. prefer	D. honest
16. A. successful	B. refreshment	C. discover	D. entertain
17. A. gossip	B. brighten	C. modest	D. concern
18. A. celebrate	B. excited	C. embarrass	D. informal
19. A. arrive	B. common	C. affair	D. recite
20. A. sympathetic	B. difficulty	C. beneficial	D. entertainment
21. A. replace	B. escape	C. affect	D. finish
22. A. incapable	B. interviewer	C. experience	D. unselfishness
23. A. apartment	B. condition	C. appearance	D. benefit
24. A. personal	B. memory	C. realize	D. suspicion
25. A. rescue	B. result	C. sincere	D. decide
26. A. admire	B. friendship	C. without	D. remain
27. A. receive	B. pleasure	C. invite	D. destroy
28. A. notice	B. inside	C. delight	D. describe
29. A. succeed	B. selfish	C. between	D. believe
30. A. complain	B. tired	C. indeed	D. despite

PART III – Complete the following sentences with the correct forms of the words in the brackets

- Thanks to her _____, Mary's reports are free of mistakes and errors. (care)
- Most old people are _____ of caring for themselves and need someone to take care of them. (capable)
- Hannah was too _____ to admit that she was scared of spiders. (embarrass)
- It is _____ true that everyone should have his or her own lifelong relationship. (certain)
- We really admire Mr. Smith for his deep _____ to his company. (loyal)
- Anna becomes pretty _____ about traveling to Maldives next week. (excite)
- Governments are trying to eliminate those environmentally _____ products from the markets. (friend)
- Mark doesn't seem really _____ about going shopping with his girlfriend. (enthusiasm)
- Girls always find gossiping with friends in free time _____ and relaxing. (interest)
- I really _____ with those who lost their families in the earthquake. (sympathy)
- The road-building program has led to the _____ of the rainforest. (destroy)
- Students are asked to _____ some poems when studying Literature. (memory)
- Johnny made some _____ visits to his old friends when coming back to his hometown. (occasion)
- It takes me many days to get _____ with new friends at university. (acquaint)
- Why do teenagers take _____ in hanging out with their friends instead of staying at home? (please)
- We are so _____ that both of you can come to our wedding party. (please)
- I get a lot of _____ for people who spend their time helping people around. (admire)
- Most children have a very vivid _____ about their surrounding world. (imagine)
- Most fairy tales are set in an _____ world. (imagine)
- Hey Sarah, you had better put some more _____ on your cake. (decorate)
- The honeymoon is always _____ for most newly-weds. (forget)
- Thomas is such an _____ writer that he can make up a number of novels with different plots. (imagine)
- Jack drove his car _____ after drinking a lot of beer and caused a serious accident. (care)
- Everybody played games _____ in Jack's farewell party last night. (enthusiasm)
- It was Sarah's _____ to quit her job and stay at home with her 6-month child. (decide)
- It's so _____ to be caught slipping on the wet floor. (embarrass)
- Eric seems not to be _____ in dancing during parties; he prefers sitting and listening to music. (interest)
- The students are filled with _____ at the thought of having two weeks off after their exams. (excite)

29. Virginia is _____ as the birthplace of several US presidents. (fame)
30. We want to organize a truly _____ party for my baby on his birthday. (memory)
31. The modern weapons can be _____ to the people's lives. (destroy)
32. Jimmy is a _____ listener; he always gives me good advice. (sympathy)
33. My grandfather is getting _____ of his children's names. (forget)
34. Mr. Derrick is just one of my potential business _____. (acquaint)
35. There is a special _____ tonight to mark my younger sister's graduation. (celebrate)
36. My best friend is studying in Australia now, so I only see him very _____. (occasion)
37. My husband is making a _____ frame for the mirror in our bathroom. (decorate)
38. Is there anything _____ at the party last night, Amy? (excite)
39. Her story is not really well-written but always _____. (entertain)
40. There need to be some changes in the _____ of the working environment. (organize)

Part IV – Choose the best answer

1. SYNONYM: It is hard to get **used** to the bustling noise in the city.
A. acquainted B. taken C. off D. attracted
2. The girl he went out with today seemed rather _____. He said he was not impressed by her appearance.
A. attractive B. capable C. unattractive D. incapable
3. ANTONYM: Jack is so **changeable** a man that he rarely determines to do anything.
A. inconsistent B. common C. loyal D. constant
4. SYNONYM: Linda often spends lots of her time **gossiping** with her classmates.
A. rumoring B. chatting C. discussing D. conversing
5. SYNONYM: Vietnamese are generous and **hospitable** to all tourists visiting the country.
A. cold B. unfriendly C. friendly D. joyful
6. Being a mother brings her so much _____.
A. joyful B. joyfulness C. joy D. enjoy
7. To reach _____ understanding, friends must be willing to listen to each other.
A. personal B. physical C. pleasure D. mutual
8. Loyalty, unselfishness, constancy, mutual trust and sympathy are some _____ that a good friend should have.
A. quantities B. rumors C. qualities D. qualifications
9. No one really _____ that he was the true culprit because he had provided them with many evidences.
A. suspicion B. suspected C. suspects D. suspicious
10. John is such a good friend to have. He always lends me his _____ ears.
A. sympathy B. sympathizing C. sympathetic D. sympathetically
11. Somehow his house was _____ by the earthquake while the others were completely destroyed.
A. affected B. unaffected C. effect D. ineffective
12. The teacher _____ all the efforts that the students have made in preparation for the upcoming exam.
A. embraces B. embarrasses C. appreciates D. demands
13. SYNONYM: She can't remember the **exact** location of her bike in the parking lot.
A. right B. wrong C. about D. approximate
14. Luis tried so hard to clear the bar in his high jumping exam that he ended up making himself _____.
A. embarrassment B. embarrass C. embarrassing D. embarrassed
15. ANTONYM: Escaping the burning was her most traumatizing and **unforgettable** experience.
A. unmemorable B. memorable C. memorizing D. unforgotten
16. Watching sports can be a/an _____ entertaining experience.
A. forgettable B. extremely C. exactly D. exciting

17. At first _____, people may think the test is really difficult. In fact, it isn't.
A. time B. meeting C. glance D. appearing
18. Try not to point _____ other people because it is considered rude and impolite.
A. with B. in C. on D. at
19. There is a something so _____ about him. I am pretty sure he is the thief.
A. loyal B. friendly C. sneaky D. imaginative
20. Your son is so creative and _____. Just look at his amazing drawing and you will see.
A. imagine B. imaginable C. imaginary D. imaginative
21. SYNONYM: The baby will **imitate** whatever their parents do.
A. copy B. protect C. follow D. replace
22. Family is _____. You can't buy yourself a family.
A. replace B. replacing C. irreplaceable D. replaced
23. Be loyal _____ your friend and you will not be disappointed.
A. at B. about C. for D. to
24. People who are only concerned _____ their own happiness and interests can never be a good friend.
A. to B. for C. with D. in
25. Their 50th wedding _____ will be held in a luxury hotel.
A. party B. celebration C. anniversary D. event
26. SYNONYM: Although their house is not big, it is really **cozy**.
A. cold B. warm C. small D. large
27. The newly-wedded _____ decide to spend their honeymoon in Bali.
A. bride B. groom C. couple D. friend
28. They have their house _____ with lights and ornaments for Christmas.
A. redecorate B. decorate C. decoration D. decorated
29. After _____ her husband, Nami got the child custody and brought her son up by herself.
A. marrying B. separating C. gathering D. divorcing
30. After greeting the _____, the host started the show with a welcoming song.
A. hostess B. organizers C. guesses D. guests
31. Don't play a _____ on me. It is not funny.
A. game B. joke C. icing D. milestone
32. What is your _____ status? Single or married?
A. married B. marriage C. marrying D. marital
33. We decided to stay and clean up the _____ we had made.
A. fuss B. wad C. mark D. mess
34. SYNONYM: The **organizer** of the event was no other than Ms. Stark herself.
A. party-goer B. hostess C. host D. guest
35. SYNONYM: **The food and drink** are served during break.
A. services B. candles C. refreshments D. party
36. The doctor who met yesterday specializes _____ cancer-related diseases.
A. to B. in C. for D. up
37. The song is _____ sang for Zoe's birthday.
A. special B. especially C. specially D. specialty
38. After her friends finished singing, she blew _____ the colorful candles.
A. up B. down C. in D. out
39. SYNONYM: We **sliced** the cakes into smaller pieces.
A. divided B. cut C. shared D. A&B are correct
40. We had to skip the party because the _____ is not enough.
A. milestone B. banquet C. budget D. invitation

PART V – Complete the following sentences with correct forms/ tenses of the verbs in the brackets

1. After a nightmare, she found it difficult _____ so she looked for a book _____. (sleep – read)
2. His doctor advised him _____ smoking, but he found it impossible _____ his habit. (stop – quit)
3. They had their windows _____ last week. (paint)
4. When he got off the plane, we _____ for him for an hour. (wait)
5. Did you notice someone _____ the room last night? (enter)
6. Look! Do you see an insect _____ on your foot? (crawl)
7. I have an interesting thing _____ you, but you have to promise _____ it secret. (tell – keep)
8. Listen! Someone _____ up the stairs. (walk)
9. Tanyan has spent a lot of time _____ about the solar system. (learn)
10. _____ happily, Mrs. Pike took the baby in her arms. (smile)
11. Smoking _____ bad for health, so my father _____ smoking three years ago. (be – stop)
12. We _____ on Main Street when a dog ran in front of our car. (drive)
13. His greatest ambition is _____ to take part in the Olympics. (choose)
14. Andrew _____ on a safari before and he is so excited. (never be)
15. My father usually _____ beer after meals but now he _____ tea. (drink)
16. Since his bike was stolen last week, he _____ to work by bus. (go)
17. Mr. Thompson was interested in _____ for the new position as regional manager. (consider)
18. She has admitted _____ a little scared of space travel.
19. It's too late now. There's no point in _____ with them. (argue)
20. When we came to see Tom last night, he _____ to music (listen)
21. Our school _____ breaks for about 20 minutes. (usually have)
22. Thomas will never forget _____ the Queen when she visited her university. (meet)
23. Most famous persons do not like _____ personal questions. (ask)
24. He remembered _____ the book last night. (give)
25. Louis had some problems _____ train tickets in Beijing since he does not speak Chinese. (buy)

PART VI – Complete the following sentences with a suitable preposition

1. She had a quick glance _____ the newspaper.
2. You should have more confidence _____ your speaking skills.
3. He always complains _____ his mother about his work.
4. It's Jane's farewell party _____ Friday night.
5. He blew _____ 16 candles on his birthday cake.
6. We don't know what to give Dad _____ Christmas.
7. I prefer celebrating my birthday at home _____ at the restaurant.
8. His mother brought _____ a colorful birthday cake.
9. A selfish person is incapable _____ true friendship.
10. Jack blamed me _____ losing his watch.

PART VII – Rewrite the following sentences with NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS, using the words given

1. Can you open the door for me? (**OPENING**)
⇒ Do you me?
2. I think it would be a good idea if we set off earlier. (**SETTING**)

⇒ I

3. How long have you joined this training course? (**JOIN**)

⇒ When course?

4. I should have taken my medicine this morning but I didn't remember. (**TAKE**)

⇒ I forgot morning.

5. Eric has joined this speaking club for six months. (**JOIN**)

⇒ Eric club six months ago.

6. When did you brother go abroad? (**SINCE**)

⇒ How long is abroad?

7. Adrian had difficulty in speaking English. (**DIFFICULT**)

⇒ It is English.

8. I'll help you with the preparation for the party. (**HELPING**)

⇒ I don't preparation for the party.

9. Diana has learned the piano since 2010. (**IN**)

⇒ Diana started 2010.

10. The tour guide says we have to stay here until he comes back. (**STAY**)

⇒ The tour guide makes comes back.

11. The security guard allowed Mary to take her puppy in. (**IN**)

⇒ The security let

12. Peter cannot stop thinking about Sarah. (**CAN'T**)

⇒ Peter

13. Derrick has not gone fishing since he moved to the city. (**WHEN**)

⇒ Derrick moved to the city.

14. We really want to see you next weekend. (**FORWARD**)

⇒ We next weekend.

15. I didn't want to tell Jack about the plan. I' so sorry. (**ABOUT**)

⇒ I regret

16. I couldn't pay for such an expensive house. (**ENOUGH**)

⇒ I don't for such an expensive house.

17. Jane has not joined our year-end party for two years. (**SINCE**)

⇒ It is joined year-end party.

18. I cannot sleep because they talk so loudly. (**ME**)

⇒ They talk too

19. Peter has not gone to Japan before. (**GONE**)

⇒ This is the to Japan.

20. It took me 5 hours to finish the research. (**HOURS**)

⇒ I research.

21. My uncle decided to stop smoking last year. (**UP**)

⇒ My uncle decided last year.

22. My parents have not gone to the cinema since last year. (**WAS**)

⇒ The last time my parents last year

23. It is raining very heavily, so we cannot play soccer outside. (**US**)

⇒ It is raining too soccer outside.

24. My boss doesn't let us leave early during working days. (**NOT**)

⇒ My boss does early during working days.

25. I came here so that I could see my teacher. (**AS**)

⇒ I came here teacher.

26. Peter has worked here for 2 years. (**WORKING**)

⇒ Peter began

27. Anna started playing games at 5 o'clock. (**BEEN**)

⇒ Anna 5 o'clock.

28. I haven't talked to him for two months. (**TALKED**)

⇒ I months ago.

29. Mary hasn't gone shopping for 3 weeks. (**WAS**)

⇒ The last time Mary ago.

30. I haven't seen Peter since I moved to HCMC. (**WHEN**)

⇒ The last time I saw to HCMC.

31. Sarah hasn't called her boyfriend since last week. (**LAST**)

⇒ Sarah week.

32. I have never met that man before. (**FIRST**)

⇒ It is the that man.

33. I haven't gone to the bookshop since last month. (**SINCE**)

⇒ It is time I went to the book shop.

34. Tom and Marie have been key pals for two years. (**TWO**)

⇒ It Tom and Marie became key pals.

35. John hasn't eat raw fish before. (**FIRST**)

⇒ It is the raw fish.